## WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1	<ol> <li>A biopsy localization device comprising:</li> </ol>			
2	a bioabsorbable element in a pre-delivery state prior to its delivery to a soft			
3	tissue biopsy site of a patient; and			
4	said bioabsorbable element being of a material which is in a post-delivery			
5	state at the biopsy site, the bioabsorbable element being palpably harder than the			
6	surrounding soft tissue at the biopsy site when in the post-delivery state.			
1	2. The device according to claim 1 further comprising a delivery			
2	device for delivering the bioabsorable element in the predelivery state to a soft tissue			
3	biopsy site.			
J	otopsy site.			
1	3. The device according to claim 1 wherein the bioabsorbable element	t		
2	is of a different hardness in the post-delivery state as in the pre-delivery state.			
1	4. The device according to claim 1 wherein the bioabsorbable element	t		
2	has a hardness of at least about 1.5 times as hard as breast tissue in the post-delivery state.			
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1	5. The device according to claim 1 wherein the bioabsorbable elemen			
2	swells about 50 to 1500 percent from the pre-delivery state to the post-delivery state when	1		
3	placed in contact with an aqueous liquid.			
1	6. The device according to claim 1 wherein the bioabsorbable element	t		
2	has a first shape in the pre-delivery state and a second shape in the post-delivery state.			
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1	7. The device according to claim 1 wherein the bioabsorbable element	t		
2	has one consistency in the pre-delivery state and a different consistency in the post-			
3	delivery state.			
1	8. The device according to claim 1 wherein the bioabsorbable elemen	t		
2	has a longest dimension of at least about 0.5cm when in the post-delivery state.			
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1	9. The device according to claim 1 wherein the bioabsorbable elemen	t.		
2	made of collagen.			
1	10. The device according to claim 1 wherein the bioabsorbable elemen	t		
2	comprises a therapeutic agent			

1	11. The device according to claim 10 wherein the therapeutic agent			
2	comprises at least a chosen one of a chemotherapeutic agent, a radiation agent and a gene			
3	therapy agent.			
	The state of the state of the biochearbable element			
1	12. The device according to claim 1 wherein the bioabsorbable element			
2	comprises reservoir means for subsequently receiving a therapeutic agent.			
1	13. The device according to claim 12 wherein the reservoir means			
2	comprises reservoir means for receiving a chemotherapy agent.			
1	14. The device according to claim 1 wherein the bioabsorbable element			
2	comprises a hemostatic agent.			
1	15. The device according to claim 1 wherein the bioabsorbable element			
2	comprises at least one of the following materials: polyactic and polyglycolic acids,			
3	polyorthoesters, resorbable silicones and urethanes, lipids, collagens, polysaccharides,			
4	starches, ceramics, polyamino acids, proteins, hydrogels and other gels, gelatins,			
5	polymers and cellulose.			
1	16. The device according to claim 1 wherein the bioabsorbable element			
1	changes from the pre-delivery state to the post-delivery state upon contact with an			
2				
3	aqueous environment.			
1	17. The device according to claim 1 wherein the bioabsorbable element			
2	is physically different in its pre-delivery state than in its post-delivery state.			
1	18. The device according to claim 1 wherein the bioabsorable element			
2	comprises a bioabsorable filament.			
	42.			
1	19. The device according to claim 1 further comprising a marker			
2	element located generally centrally within the bioabsorable element.			
1	20. The device according to claim 19 wherein the marker element is a			
2	radiopaque marker element.			
1	21. The device according to claim 19 wherein said marker element			
2	comprises a chosen one of a permanent marker element and a temporary marker element.			

1	22. A biopsy localization method comp	orising:			
2	taking a tissue sample from a biopsy site w	vithin a patient;			
3	positioning a bioabsorbable element at the biopsy site at the time of the				
4	taking of the tissue sample;	taking of the tissue sample;			
5	testing the tissue sample; and				
6	if the testing indicates a need to do so relo	if the testing indicates a need to do so relocating the biopsy site by finding			
7	the bioabsorbable element.				
1	23. The method according to claim 22	wherein the positioning step is			
2	carried out using said bioabsorable element and a radiopaque marker.				
1	24. The method according to claim 23	wherein the relocating step is			
2	carried out using a radiographic technique.				
1	25. The method according to claim 23	wherein the positioning step is			
2	carried out using a chosen one of a permanent radiopaque marker and a temporary				
3	radiopaque marker.				
1	26. The method according to claim 22	wherein the relocating step is			
2	carried out by at least one of:				
3	palpation of the patient to feel the bioabsorbable element;				
4	locating inflammation at the biopsy site ca	used by the bioabsorbable			
5	· ·				
6	following a bioabsorbable thread, the threa	ad extending from the patient's			
7	skin to the bioabsorbable element; and	skin to the bioabsorbable element; and			
8	remotely visualizing the bioabsorbable ele	ment.			
1	27. The method according to claim 26	wherein the remotely			
2	visualizing step is carried out by at least a chosen one of	ultrasound, MRI and			
3	mammography.				
1	28. The method according to claim 22	wherein the tissue sample taking			
2	step is carried out using a needle biopsy technique.				
1	29. The method according to claim 22	wherein the tissue sample taking			
2	step is carried out using a surgical excisional biopsy tech	nique.			

1	30. The method according to claim 22 wherein the tissue sample takin			
2	step is carried out within a soft tissue.			
1	31. The method according to claim 22 further comprising the step of			
2	selecting the bioabsorbable element so that after positioning at the target site, the			
3	bioabsorbable element has a hardness of at least about 1.5 times as hard as the			
4	surrounding tissue.			
1	32. The method according to claim 22 further comprising selecting a			
2	hemostatic bioabsorbable element and providing hemostasis at the target site by the			
3	hemostatic bioabsorbable element.			
1	33. The method according to claim 32 wherein the hemostasis			
2	providing step is provided by at least one of mechanical or chemical hemostatic			
3	techniques.			
1	34. The method according to claim 32 further comprising the step of			
2	effectively preventing blood from contacting the hemostatic bioabsorbable element until			
3	the hemostatic bioabsorbable element is positioned at the target site.			
1	35. The method according to claim 34 wherein the effectively			
2	preventing step is carried out using a hemostatic bioabsorbable element having a non-			
3	hemostatic degradable outer layer so the hemostasis providing step is a time-delayed			
4	hemostasis providing step.			
1	36. The method according to claim 34 wherein the effectively			
2	preventing step includes the step of physically isolating the hemostatic bioabsorbable			
3	element from contact with blood until it is at the biopsy site.			
1	37. The method according to claim 22 wherein the bioabsorbable			
2	element positioning step is carried out by at least one of:			
3	injecting a flowable bioabsorbable element through a hollow member;			
4	pushing a nonflowable bioabsorbable element through a hollow member;			
5	and			
6	guiding a solid hioabsorbable element to the target site.			

1	38. The method according to claim 37 wherein the flowable			
2	bioabsorbable element injecting step is carried out using a biopsy needle.			
1	39. The method according to claim 22 further comprising the step of			
2	changing the bioabsorbable element from a pre-delivery state prior to the positioning ste			
3	to a post-delivery state after the positioning step.			
1	40. The method according to claim 39 wherein the changing step is			
2	carried out by at least one of the following: hydration, changing temperature, electrical			
3	stimulation, magnetic stimulation, chemical reaction with a first additional material,			
4	physical interaction with a second additional material, ionization, absorption and			
5	adsorption.			
1	41. The method according to claim 27 further comprising the step of			
2	placing a marker element at a generally central location within the bioabsorbable element			
3	at the target site.			
1	42. The method according to claim 41 wherein the placing step takes			
2	place simultaneously with the positioning step.			
1	43. The method according to claim 41 wherein the placing step is			
2	carried out using a radiopaque marker element.			
1	44. The method according to claim 41 wherein the biopsy site			
2	relocating step comprises the step of remotely visualizing the marker element.			
1	45. A medical treatment method comprising:			
2	taking a tissue sample from a biopsy site within a patient;			
3	positioning a bioabsorbable element at the biopsy site at the time of the			
4	taking of the tissue sample;			
5	testing the tissue sample;			
6	if the testing indicates a need to do so, and medically treating the biopsy			
7	site.			
1	46. The method according to claim 45 wherein the medically treating			
2	step comprises activating an agent carried by the bioabsorbable element.			

1	47	7.	The method according to claim 46 wherein the activating step is	
2	carried out by at least one of:			
3	injecting a radiation-emitting element at the vicinity of the target site;			
4	ex	externally irradiating the target site; and		
5	pr	ovidi	ng a triggering substance to the agent.	
1	48	3.	The method according to claim 45 wherein the medically treating	
2	step comprises de	eliver	ing a therapeutic agent to the target site.	
1	49	€.	The method according to claim 48 wherein the delivering step is	
2	carried out using at least one of:			
3	a chemotherapy agent;			
4	a radiation-emitting element;			
5	thermal energy;			
6	io	ionization energy;		
7	ge	gene therapy;		
8	vector therapy;			
9	electrical therapy;			
10	vibrational therapy; and			
11	an	nti-ang	giogenesis.	
1	50	Э.	The method according to claim 45 further comprising the step of	
2	relocating the bio	opsy t	by finding the bioabsorbable element.	
1	51	1.	The method according to claim 50 wherein the relocating step is	
2	carried out prior	to the	e medically treating step.	
1	52	2.	The method according to claim 51 wherein the medical treating	
2	step comprises removal of tissue.			